MAP 15.3: Peace By Peaceful Conflict Transformation: A TRANSCEND Model

Diagnosis and prognoses of conflict without intervention		I. Inner narrative: Diagnosis- prognosis	II. Outer narrative: Diagnosis- prognosis	III. Between narrative: Diagnosis- prognosis	IV. Interventions: To prevent negative prognoses	
	1) Context	Culture	Nature	Structure	Research	(SL)
DIAGNOSIS	2) Deep ABC triangle	Deep Attitudes = deep culture = collective subconscius - cultural violence	Deep Behavior = deep nature = basic needs - nature violence	Deep contradictions = deep structure = infra structure - structural violence	Needs Rights Dignity Satisfaction Peace Culture Peace Structure	THERAPY
	3) Goal production	Values (actors): Actor conflict	Goals - compatible - indifferent - incompatible	Interests (parties): Structural conflict	Goal restraint Consequence analysis	
	4) Conflict Surface ABC triangle	Attitude (meta-conflict) Empathy ACCEPTABILITY	Behavior (meta-conflict) Nonviolence + NO VIOLENCE	Contradiction (root-conflict) Creativity + SUSTAINABILITY	Mediation Dialogue: - Mapping - Legitimizing - Bridging = SOLUTION	
PROGNOSIS	5) First order consequences	Frustration Negative - cognitions - emotions	Frustration Negative - speech - behavior	Apathy Low participation	Anger trans- formation Anger control	
	6) Second order consequences	Polarization Dehumanization Attitudinal polarization	Polarization Dehumanization Behavioral polarization	Polarized structure: Two blocs, Cold war	Peacebuilding Depolarization Humanization	
	7) Third order consequences	Aggression Escalation of hatred: Self-destructive	Aggression Escalation of violence: Other-destructive	Self-sustaining vicious cycles of violence:	Non-violence Soft peace- keeping	
	8) Basic consequences	Trauma to self	Trauma to other	Destructuration Vertical Empty	Conciliation - Healing and closure - Past cleared, future together	
	9) Producing vicious cycles	War culture: - Winner goal: More Glory - Loser goal: Revenge, revanche	War behaviour: - Aggressive speech - Body language - Behaviour	War structure: - Vertical - Filled with obedience	Creating self- sustaining virtuous cycles of peace	

MAP 15.4: Conflict Intervention: Some TRANSCEND Guidelines

Arguments in favor of conflict intervention: the conflict parties are unable to transform the conflict so as to avoid violence; unable to keep violence under control; unable to handle post-violence resolution-reconstruction-reconciliation.

Arguments against conflict intervention: the conflict and any solution is the joint property of the conflict parties only; outside parties will never understand the uniqueness of the conflict;

As there is truth to all these arguments, the general principle would be to proceed with care, interpreted, as a minimum, to mean:

- [1] Reversibility: you have a right to propose and act, but only that which can be undone: you may be wrong. Hence, no or minimal violence; UN Chapter 6 (Sun Tsu), not Chapter 7 (Clausewitz).
- [2] Reciprocity: only engage in conflict intervention, peace-making, peace-keeping, peace-building if you are sure that you yourself are willing to be intervened, peace-made, peace-kept, peace-built by others, letting that question inform your action.
- [3] Universality, but with care: do not always do unto others what you would like them to do unto you, their tastes may be different. Even if electoral democracy and individualist human rights are good for you, they may not be to others.
- [4] Empathy with the Others, obtained through deep dialogues. Be sure you are able to identify what drives the Other parties the way they agree with, not necessarily the way you agree with.
- Empathy with the Self, obtained through inner dialogues (meditation). Be sure you are able to identify the driving forces in yourself, beyond helping the parties to transform the conflict and to undo damage, in a creative and nonviolent way.
- 16] DPT Consistency: be sure that you know what the problem is before you suggest a solution, in order not always to suggest your panacea solution out of old habit. Be willing to have dialogues with all parties about diagnosis-prognosis-therapy.

- [7] Encourage intervention by the Other: organize dialogues about their situation by the conflict parties themselves.
- [8] Seek participation: do not fall for the temptation to seek solutions as seen by leaders only, search for a broader basis.
- [9] Seek acceptability: meaning an outcome not agreed to for fear of punishment or desire of reward (stick and carrot incentives), but because the outcome comes through as right.
- [10] Seek sustainability, meaning an outcome that does not have to be propped up artificially from the outside but generates its own support by speaking to the conditions of all parties.

MAP 15.5: Conflict Transformation: A TRANSCEND Code of Conduct

By peace we mean the capacity to transform conflicts constructively and without violence; a never-ending process.

By transforming conflicts we mean helping bring about a situation so that the parties can proceed in a participatory, mutually acceptable, and sustainable manner.

By constructively we mean channeling conflict energy toward new, innovative ways of satisfying basic human needs for all.

By without violence we mean that this process should avoid

- any threat or use of direct violence that hurts and harms,
- any use of structural violence that demobilizes the parties.

The relation between the conflict worker and him/herself:

- [1] Your motivation should be to help the parties transform the conflict, not your own promotion, materially, non-materially.
- [2] You should have the skills/knowledge for the task and use the conflict to develop them further, not to acquire them.
- [3] Do not have a hidden agenda beyond conflict transformation, for yourself or for others; have nothing to conceal.
- [4] Your legitimacy is in your skills, knowledge, creativity, compassion and perseverance and ability to stimulate the same in the conflict parties; not in any mandate or in any organization.

The relation between the conflict worker and the parties

- [5] Do not enter a conflict if you yourself have an unresolved conflict with any one of the parties or bear some deep grudges.
- [6] Empathy/dialogues with all parties, overcome dislikes.
- [7] Do not manipulate, play with open cards, tell what you do.
- [8] Respect demands for confidentiality, do not attribute.
- [9] Do not receive honoraria, gifts etc. from the parties beyond ordinary hospitality.
- [10] Communicate between the parties only with their permission.
- [11] Speak with one tongue, not one version for one party and another for the others, granted that the focus may be different.
- [12] Be open to new ideas, do not become a prisoner to any plan.
- [13] Never propose any outcome or any process that cannot be undone you may be wrong.

The relation between the conflict worker and society

- [14] Do not seek personal or organizational credit.
- [15] Disappear from the conflict when no longer needed.
- [16] Plans for conflict outcomes and conflict processes belong neither to you, nor to the parties, but to the public.
- [17] Share your skills, knowledge, experience with others; try to contribute to a general conflict transformation culture.
- [18] Do not receive direct funding from past, present or future conflict parties who have used, use or may use your services.
- [19] Conflict work is a job and the reward is a job well done.
- [20] All conflicts are born equal and have the same right to transformation, no conflict is "higher level" than another.